

学生番号 _____ 氏名 _____

次の関数を微分せよ。

(1) $y = x^5 + 5x^3 + 15x$

$$y' = 5x^4 + 15x^2 + 15 = 5(x^4 + 3x^2 + 3)$$

(2) $y = x^7 - \frac{1}{x^7}$

$$y' = 7x^6 - \{x^{-7}\}' = 7x^6 + 7x^{-8} = 7(x^6 + \frac{1}{x^8})$$

(3) $y = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 1}$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \frac{\{x^2 - 1\}'(x^2 + 1) - (x^2 - 1)\{x^2 + 1\}'}{(x^2 + 1)^2} = \frac{2x \cdot (x^2 + 1) - (x^2 - 1) \cdot 2x}{(x^2 + 1)^2} \\ &= \frac{4x}{(x^2 + 1)^2} \end{aligned}$$

(4) $y = x \cos x + \sin x$

$$y' = \{x\}' \cos x + x \{\cos x\}' + \cos x = \cos x - x \sin x + \cos x = 2 \cos x - x \sin x$$

(5) $y = e^x \sin x$

$$y' = \{e^x\}' \sin x + e^x \{\sin x\}' = e^x \sin x + e^x \cos x = e^x (\sin x + \cos x)$$

(6) $y = \log(1 + x^2)$

$$y' = \frac{1}{1 + x^2} \cdot \{1 + x^2\}' = \frac{2x}{1 + x^2}$$

(7) $y = x \log 2x - x$

$$y' = \{x\}' \log 2x + x \{\log 2x\}' - 1 = \log 2x + x \cdot \frac{1}{2x} \cdot \{2x\}' - 1 = \log 2x$$

(8) $y = \frac{\log x}{x}$

$$y' = \frac{\{\log x\}' \cdot x - \log x \cdot \{x\}'}{x^2} = \frac{\frac{1}{x} \cdot x - \log x}{x^2} = \frac{1 - \log x}{x^2}$$

$$(9) \quad y = (x^2 + 2x + 5)^{100}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= 100(x^2 + 2x + 5)^{99} \{x^2 + 2x + 5\}' = 100(x^2 + 2x + 5)^{99} (2x + 2) \\ &= 200(x + 1)(x^2 + 2x + 5)^{99} \end{aligned}$$

$$(10) \quad y = \frac{1}{(x^2 + 2x + 1)^{10}}$$

$$y' = \{(x + 1)^{-20}\}' = -20(x + 1)^{-21} \cdot \{x + 1\}' = -20(x + 1)^{-21}$$

$$(11) \quad y = \sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \{(x^2 + 2x + 5)^{\frac{1}{2}}\}' = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 2x + 5)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \{x^2 + 2x + 5\}' \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 2x + 5)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot (2x + 2) = \frac{x + 1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 5}} \end{aligned}$$

$$(12) \quad y = \log(\log(x^2 + 1))$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \frac{1}{\log(x^2 + 1)} \cdot \{\log(x^2 + 1)\}' = \frac{1}{\log(x^2 + 1)} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} \cdot \{x^2 + 1\}' \\ &= \frac{2x}{(x^2 + 1) \log(x^2 + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

$$(13) \quad y = e^{x^2}$$

$$y' = e^{x^2} \cdot \{x^2\}' = 2xe^{x^2}$$

$$(14) \quad y = \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{3}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (\frac{x}{3})^2}} \cdot \left\{ \frac{x}{3} \right\}' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (\frac{x}{3})^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{9 - x^2}}$$

$$(15) \quad y = \tan^{-1} x + \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \frac{1}{1 + x^2} + \frac{1}{1 + (\frac{1}{x})^2} \cdot \left\{ \frac{1}{x} \right\}' = \frac{1}{1 + x^2} + \frac{1}{1 + (\frac{1}{x})^2} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{x^2} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{1 + x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} = 0 \end{aligned}$$